# Part 1: Getting ready 

for exams

## Lesson plan

- Starter: How do you feel about taking exams? (5 minutes)
- Discuss steps to revision success, going through key points and examples (20 minutes)
- Fill out study schedule (10 minutes)


## Getting ready for your exams

Learning objectives:
-To plan a revision schedule.
-To learn some tips about how to manage your revision.

Starter: How do you feel about taking exams?


## Steps to revision success

1. Organisation - Make sure you have all your notes and books organised
2. Time management - Decide carefully how you will use your time, write a schedule and try to stick to it
3. Use active revision techniques - these are the ones that help the information stick
4. Rest and do your best! - Make sure you don't overdo it, so that you have plenty of energy to do your best on the day of the exam.

## Organisation

- Have you got your books and folders all organised?


## Organise your class folders

Get copies of anything
you're missing
Use checklists / textbooks to


## Why might it help you to get organised now?

## Why might it help you to get organised now?

You will be learning the content so when exam time comes you're revising not learning

You will give yourself time to realise where your weak areas are and seek help

You will remove some of the stress and might even enjoy it!

## Time management

- Carefully decide how you are going to use the weeks you have left before the exam

Task 1 - Write a list of the subjects that you are studying

Task 2- Write a list of the modules/ subjects/ texts etc that you need to revise for each subject

Task 3 - On the revision schedule cross out all of the times that you can't study, e.g. extra classes, extracurricular activities, dinner, family commitments

Task 4 - Work out a revision schedule for the coming weeks.

## Build a little time into your schedule each week to do this



## Revision

How do you revise?
What revision techniques work best?
Do you think your revision techniques need improving?


What is the difference is between active and passive revision?

- Passive revision - this involves you trying to take information in without attempting to reproduce it in a new way. It will almost always let you down.
- Active revision - this involves reproducing what you learn in some way, usually by condensing it. It engages your mind in a creative effort. The more creative, the more memorable. It's the best way to learn.


## Which do you think is the best approach?

## Which techniques are active and which are passive?

Repeating out loud
Mind mapping
Copying out
Rereading
Writing index cards
Practising exam style questions

Annotating your texts
Typing up all your notes

Highlighting
Can you think of any more? Are they active or passive?

Answers: Which are active and which are passive?

Active
Writing index cards
Annotating your texts
Mind mapping
Repeating out loud
Doing past papers

## Passive

Rereading
Copying out
Putting your notes on
computer
Highlighting

Here are some examples of a few different active revision techniques

## Flashcards

## Use colour coding and images



## Test yourself or get someone to test you



Play the teacher


Cover whint wewhind
Remember what you've just read.
Q.e.II what you read in your

## Timelines

## Mindmaps

## Macbeth <br> Porter's speech <br> relieves jension <br> - - imetine




Mindmaps

## Flashcards

Test yourself or get someone to test you

## Cornell note taking system

Use colour coding and images

Mnemonics

## Some more techniques you could try....

Learn command words

Online quizzes

Plan essay questions

Redo questions you got wrong

## TIPS FOR STUDYING AT HOME

- Put on comfortable clothing
- Plan your revision to make sure you have time to cover all your subjects and topics

- Be realistic - Make sure your plan is manageable
- Manage your time and divide your revision into small blocks

- Mix it up a bit - There are different ways of revising like there are different ways of memorising information. Rather than just copying out, try drawing diagrams, reading aloud, sticking it on post-its on the wall. Whatever helps!
- Take regular breaks - Don't head for information overload. We're not designed to work flat-out and work far more efficiently if we take regular breaks.

- Have snacks and plenty of water - you will need energy for your revision
- Turn off all distractions - You know what they are!
- Test yourself - Don't just input, check what you know. You can do this with friends, family, or on your own. Testing is a great way of combating those nerves by confirming what you know, and filling in the gaps
- Get to bed early - It's the night before the exam. Now you've done all that work it's time to give your brain a rest, so you're in tip top condition for sitting that exam. Good luck!



## Part 2: <br> Taking the exams and getting your results

## Lesson plan

- Starter: Discussion (5 minutes)
- Read: Advice - The day before, on the day, after the exam (10 minutes)
- Role play activity - 20 minutes
- Plenary: Some extra advice


## Taking the exams

Learning objectives:
-To explore strategies to use when preparing for and taking exams.

# How do you feel as you approach an exam? 

What should you do the day before your exams?

## The day before:

-Check the contents of your pencil case. Have you a back-up pen, pencil, ruler, protractor, calculator etc?
-Double-check what exams you will be having and when
-Try a bit of active revision - test yourself, but don't work too late

- Get some fresh air; don't stay in all day
- Have an early night, even if you can't get to sleep straight away
-Turn off any electronic gadgets, they can keep you awake.


What should you do on the day of the exams?

## On the day:

- Get up in plenty of time
-Eat some breakfast
-Check that you have everything you need
-Avoid talking too much about the exams as this can stress people out
-Go to the toilet


What should you do during the exam?

## At the start of the exam:

- Listen to the instructions carefully.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Read the instructions carefully.
- Read each question carefully. One of the most common exam mistakes is not answering the question.
- If you get stuck, move on, and come back to the question later on. Do not waste time or start panicking.
- If you are running out of time and can't get the last answer finished, make a plan containing all the important points. You may pick up some extra marks.
- Try to proofread at the end.


What should you do after the exam?

## After the exam:

- If you can avoid it, don't compare answers with your friends. This can make some students feel upset or worried.


## Getting your results

Learning objectives:

- To consider how you react to getting your results.



# How do you feel before you get your exam results back? 

## Role play activity：

－You will be working in pairs to complete this task．
－You will be given different scenarios．Consider the right and wrong way to react to the results you＇ve received．

## Example



## You get your exam back and get a A+.

## Bad reaction:

Wow! I got an A+! I am amazing! I didn't even revise. I must be so smart.


Notice, some things you might say, whilst others you might think.

## You get your exam back and get a B.

Bad reaction: What might you say?


## Your friend gets their exam back and seem really upset with their result.

Bad reaction What might you say?


## You get your exam back and get a C.

Bad reaction: What might you say?


## Your friend gets their exam back and seem really happy with their result.

Bad reaction What might you say?


## You get your exam back and get a D.

Bad reaction: What might you say?


## Your friends are all asking you what you got in your exam. You feel really <br> uncomfortable and don't want to tell them.

Bad reaction: What might you say?


Your parents are asking you about your results, but you feel worried about how they will react.


Can you think of any other scenarios?

What do you think is the most important advice about getting results back?

What do you think is the most important advice...
to help you revise? to take exams?
to get results?

## Some extra advice...

What should you do if you get so nervous about a test or exam, that you can't sleep properly?

What should you do before starting the exam?

## . <br> 4ow KEEP CALM AND DO YOUR BEST

# What should you do before writing an answer? 

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Kㅕㅕㅇ } \\
& \text { KEEP } \\
& \text { CALM } \\
& \text { READ THE } \\
& \text { QUESTION }
\end{aligned}
$$

# What should you do to check your answer is relevant? 

What should you do when you get stuck or you think you don't know the answer to a question?

What should you do?

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\text { KEEP } & \text { NOW } \\
\text { KEEP } & \\
\text { CALM } & \text { PANIC } \\
\text { CARRY } & \text { FREAK } \\
\text { ON } & \text { OUT }
\end{array}
$$

# What should you do when you think you've finished? 

What exam advice would you give yourself?


